

## Guilford County Board of Education **Policy Committee Meeting**

January 15, 2020, 2:30 p.m.

Board Room, GCS Central Administrative Offices

**Committee Members:** 

Winston McGregor, Chairperson Sharon L. Contreras, PhD, Staff Liaison T. Dianne Bellamy Small
Byron Gladden
Pat Tillman

AGENDA	
Welcome and Introductions	Discussion Leader: Winston McGregor
Review of Minutes for (November 6, 2019)	Discussion Leader: Winston McGregor
Section 3000 – Educational Program • 3226/4205 – Internet Safety	Discussion Leader: Sharon L. Contreras, PhD
Section 4000 – Students  • 4240/7312 – Child Abuse and Related Threats to Child Safety	Discussion Leader: Sharon L. Contreras, PhD
Section 5000 – Community Relationships  • 5000 – Schools and the Community	Discussion Leader: Sharon L. Contreras, PhD
Other Business	Discussion Leader: Winston McGregor
Next Meeting: February 20, 2020	
Adjournment	



### **POLICY COMMITTEE MEETING**

November 6, 2019

**Committee Members Present**: Winston McGregor, T. Dianne Bellamy Small (via phone), Byron Gladden, Pat Tillman (via phone)

Staff: Nora K. Carr, EdD, Shirley Morrison, Ronda Sortino, Margaret Winslow, Kim Hipp

Other: Linda Welborn, Khem Irby; Five Members of the Community

#### **Approval of Minutes**

Minutes from the October 16, 2019 meeting were approved as written.

#### **Policies Reviewed**

- 2000 Board Operations
  - 2125/7315 Confidential Information
     The Committee approved presenting Policy 2125/7315, as proposed, to the Board of Education for a First Reading at a future Board meeting.
- 4000 Students
  - 4000 Focus on Students
     The Committee approved presenting Policy 4000, as proposed, to the Board of Education for a First Reading at a future Board meeting.
  - 4202/5029/7272 Service Animals in Schools
     The Committee approved presenting Policy 4202/5029/7272, as proposed, to the Board of Education for a First Reading at a future Board meeting.
- 7000 Personnel
  - 0000 (7273) Domestic and Workplace Violence
     The Committee approved presenting Policy 7273, with recommended changes incorporated, to the Board of Education for a First Reading at a future Board meeting. Changes include updating policy to include workplace "or domestic" violence (where appropriate) and noting that incidents should be reported to an employee's immediate supervisor "and/or" Human Resources Department (where appropriate).

#### **Next meeting**

The date for the next Policy Committee meeting is December 12, 2019.

Submitted by: Nora K. Carr, EdD Chief of Staff, Guilford County Schools

#### A. INTRODUCTION

It is the policy of the Guilford County Board of Education (the "Board") to: (a) prevent user access via its technological resources to, or transmission of, inappropriate material on the Internet or through electronic mail or other forms of direct electronic communications; (b) prevent unauthorized access to the Internet and devices or programs connected to or accessible through the Internet; (c) prevent other unlawful online activity; (d) prevent unauthorized online disclosure, use, or dissemination of personal identification information of minors; and (e) comply with the Children's Internet Protection Act.

#### B. **DEFINITIONS**

#### 1. Technology Protection Measure

The term "technology protection measure" means a specific technology that blocks or filters Internet access to visual depictions that are obscene, constitute child pornography, or harmful to minors.

#### 2. Harmful to Minors

The term "harmful to minors" means any picture, image, graphic image file, or other visual depiction that:

- a. taken as a whole and with respect to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion;
- b. depicts, describes, or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for minors, an actual or simulated sexual act or sexual contact, actual or simulated normal or perverted sexual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the genitals; and
- c. taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value as to minors.

### 3. Child Pornography

The term "child pornography" means any visual depiction, including any photograph, film, video picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of sexually explicit conduct, where:

a. the production of such visual depiction involves the use of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct;

- b. such visual depiction is a digital image, computer image, or computergenerated image that is, or is indistinguishable from, that of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or
- c. such visual depiction has been created, adapted, or modified to appear that an identifiable minor is engaging in sexually explicit conduct.

#### 4. Sexual Act; Sexual Contact

The terms "sexual act" and "sexual contact" have the meanings given such terms in section 2246 of title 18, United States Code.

#### 5. Minor

For purposes of this policy, the term "minor" means any individual who has not attained the age of 17 years.

#### C. ACCESS TO INAPPROPRIATE MATERIAL

To the extent practical, technology protection measures (or "Internet filters") will be used to block or filter access to inappropriate information on the Internet and World Wide Web and other forms of electronic communications, such as student email. Specifically, blocking will be applied to audio and visual depictions deemed obscene or to be child pornography or harmful to minors. Student access to other materials that are inappropriate to minors will also be restricted. The Board has determined that audio or visual materials that depict violence, nudity, or graphic language that does not serve a legitimate pedagogical purpose are inappropriate for minors. School system personnel may not restrict Internet access to ideas, perspectives, or viewpoints if the restriction is motivated solely by disapproval of the viewpoints involved.

Subject to staff supervision, technology protection measures may be disabled during use by an adult for bona fide research or other lawful purposes.

#### D. INAPPROPRIATE NETWORK USAGE

All users of school system technological resources are expected to comply with the requirements established in policy 3225/4312/7320, Technology Responsible Use.

### E. EDUCATION, SUPERVISION, AND MONITORING

To the extent practical, steps will be taken to promote the safety and security of users of the District's online computer network, especially when they are using electronic mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, and other forms of direct electronic communications. It is the responsibility of all school personnel to educate, supervise, and monitor usage of the online computer network and access to the Internet in accordance with this policy, the Children's

Internet Protection Act, the Neighborhood Children's Internet Protection Act and the Protecting Children in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act.

Procedures for the disabling or otherwise modifying any technology protection measures are the responsibility of the technology director or designated representatives.

It is the responsibility of all school personnel to educate, supervise, and monitor usage of the online computer network and access to the Internet in accordance with this policy, the Children's Internet Protection Act, the Neighborhood Children's Internet Protection Act and the Protecting Children in the 21st Century Act..

Violations of this policy or policy 3225/4312/7320 may result in disciplinary action, including loss of access privileges or other actions defined in Board policy or the Student Code of Conduct for students and personnel action for employees.

The Superintendent shall develop any regulations needed to implement this policy and shall submit any certifications necessary to demonstrate compliance with this policy.

Legal References: Children's Internet Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. 254(h); Neighborhood Children's Internet Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. 254(l); Protecting Children in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act, 47, U.S.C. 254(h)

Cross References: Professional and Staff Development (policy 1610/7800), Student and Parent Grievance (policy 1740/4010), Employee Grievance (policy 1750/7220), Technology in the Educational Program (policy 3220), Technology Responsible Use (policy 3225/4312/7320), School Improvement Plan (policy 3430), Use of Equipment, Materials, and Supplies (policy 6520), Network Security (policy 6524)

Adopted:	at a public meeting, following normal public notice
Replaces:	EFE-P (in part) (issued October 30, 2003)
Adopted:	

*Policy Code:* **4240/7312** 

The Guilford County Board of Education ("the Board") is concerned with the health, safety, and welfare of all children and recognizes the legal and ethical obligations that school employees, contractors, and volunteers have to report known or suspected maltreatment of children. North Carolina has two separate systems that mandate reports to state authorities of suspected child abuse, neglect, dependency, or maltreatment and a third system for mandated reporting of certain crimes against juveniles to local law enforcement.

When a parent or other caretaker is suspected to have caused a child to be abused, neglected, or dependent, this information must be reported to the county child welfare agency. Suspected human trafficking, involuntary servitude, and sexual servitude of a child and death of a child as a result of maltreatment are special forms of child abuse under law and must be reported to the county child welfare agency, regardless of the relationship between the victim and the perpetrator. By contrast, suspected child maltreatment by a caregiver in a child care facility, including in a licensed preschool classroom or other licensed classroom or program operated by the District, must be reported to the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child Development and Early Education. When the source of the harm or threat of harm to the child is uncertain, a report should be made to both the county child welfare agency and the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Child Development and Early Education.

In addition, state law mandates reports to local law enforcement when a child is a victim of certain violent offenses, sexual offenses, or misdemeanor child abuse. An adult who knows or reasonably should have known of any of these offenses inflicted upon a child must report that information immediately.

The Board supports all employees who in good faith make a report under North Carolina's mandated reporting laws.

## A. DUTY TO REPORT CERTAIN CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT

A school employee, contractor, or volunteer is legally required to report to local law enforcement when the employee or volunteer knows or reasonably should know that a child has been a victim of any of the following crimes:

- 1. a sexual offense (which for purposes of this policy, the Board interprets to mean any offense that relates to inappropriate sexual contact with a child);
- 2. an offense that inflicts serious bodily injury or serious physical injury upon the child by nonaccidental means;
- 3. an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit either offense described above, or aiding and abetting either offense; or

4. misdemeanor child abuse, which occurs when a parent or any other person providing care or supervision to a child who is under the age of sixteen (1) inflicts or allows to be inflicted physical injury to the child by nonaccidental means or (2) creates or allows a substantial risk of physical injury to the child by nonaccidental means.

Compliance with this reporting requirement does not relieve the employee or volunteer from his or her duty to report pursuant to Sections B and C of this policy. The employee, contractor, or volunteer also shall immediately report the case to the principal.

A school employee, contractor, or volunteer is immune by statute from any state civil and/or criminal liability when making a report in good faith under this Section. An employee who fails to report or who prevents another person from making a report is subject to disciplinary action by the District and civil and criminal action under the law. A volunteer or contractor who fails to report or prevents another person from making a report may be restricted from school property or lose the privilege of volunteering for or contracting with the District and is subject to civil and criminal action under the law.

# B. DUTY TO REPORT CHILD ABUSE, NEGLECT, DEPENDENCY, OR DEATH AS A RESULT OF MALTREATMENT TO THE COUNTY CHILD WELFARE AGENCY

A school employee, contractor, or volunteer who knows or has cause to suspect that (1) a parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker of a child has caused the child to be abused, neglected, or dependent, or (2) that a child has died as a result of maltreatment or been a victim of human trafficking, involuntary servitude, or sexual servitude by any person is legally required to report the case to the director of social services. The employee, contractor, or volunteer also shall immediately report the case to the principal. Any doubt about reporting a suspected situation must be resolved in favor of reporting, and the report must be made immediately.

A school employee, contractor, or volunteer is immune by statute from any civil and/or criminal liability when making a report in good faith under this Section. An employee who fails to report or who prevents another person from making a report is subject to disciplinary action by the District and civil and criminal action under the law. A volunteer or contractor who fails to report or prevents another person from making a report may be restricted from school property or lose the privilege of volunteering for or contracting with the District and is subject to civil and criminal action under the law.

# C. DUTY TO REPORT CHILD MALTREATMENT IN A CHILD CARE FACILITY TO THE DIVISION OF CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND EARLY EDUCATION

A school employee, contractor, or volunteer who has cause to suspect that a child in a child care facility has been maltreated by a caregiver or has died as a result of maltreatment occurring in a child care facility is legally required to report the case to the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), Division of Child Development and Early Education

(DCDEE).

A "child care facility" includes any DHHS-licensed classroom or program operated by the District, including for example, licensed pre-school or Title I classrooms, licensed afterschool programs, and licensed developmental day programs.

Any doubt about reporting a suspected situation or uncertainty whether the child's care is being provided in a child care facility must be resolved in favor of reporting, and the report should be made immediately.

An employee making a report to DCDEE also shall immediately report the case to the principal. If the suspected maltreatment occurred in a licensed preschool classroom or other licensed classroom or program operated by the Board, the principal shall immediately notify the Superintendent of the suspected maltreatment. No reprisals of any kind may be taken against an employee who makes a good faith report of child maltreatment occurring in any licensed preschool classroom or other licensed classroom or program operated by the Board.

An employee who fails to make a report as required by law and this policy may be subject to disciplinary action by the District. In addition, if the employee works in a licensed preschool classroom or other licensed classroom or program operated by the Board, failure to report maltreatment of a child in the program or classroom may itself constitute child maltreatment and result in the employee being placed on the state child maltreatment registry. A volunteer or contractor who fails to report or prevents another person from making a report may be restricted from school property or lose the privilege of volunteering for or contracting with the District.

#### D. COOPERATION WITH STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES

- 1. The principal may establish a contact person in the school to act as a liaison with state and local agencies charged with investigating reports made pursuant to this policy.
- 2. Employees shall cooperate fully with agency personnel conducting an investigation.
- 3. In a case under the jurisdiction of local law enforcement in which the child's parent, guardian, or custodian is suspected of wrongdoing, employees shall permit the child to be interviewed by local law enforcement on school campuses during school hours. Otherwise, permission from the parent, guardian, or custodian must be obtained before the child may be interviewed by local law enforcement on school campus during school hours.
- 4. In a case under the jurisdiction of social services, employees shall permit the child to be interviewed by social services on school campuses during school hours.

- 5. In a case under the jurisdiction of DCDEE concerning suspected child maltreatment by a caregiver in a child care facility, permission from the parent must be obtained before the child may be interviewed on school campus during school hours.
- 6. Employees shall provide confidential information to agency personnel, so long as the disclosure does not violate state or federal law.
- 7. Any confidential information disclosed by the investigating agency to employees must remain confidential and may be redisclosed only for purposes directly connected with carrying out the responsibilities of the District or the employee.

#### E. SHARING INFORMATION WITH OTHER AGENCIES

Upon request and to the extent permitted by law, District officials shall share with other agencies designated in G.S. 7B-3100(a) information that is relevant to (1) any assessment by the department of social services of a report of child abuse, neglect, dependency, or death as a result of maltreatment; (2) the provision or arrangement of protective services in a child abuse, neglect, or dependency case by the department of social services; or (3) any case in which a petition is filed alleging that a juvenile is abused, neglected, dependent, undisciplined, or delinquent. District officials and the designated agencies must continue to share such information until the protective services case is closed by the department of social services or, if a petition is filed, until the juvenile is no longer subject to the jurisdiction of juvenile court.

#### F. CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE AND SEX TRAFFICKING TRAINING PROGRAM

In even numbered years, the District will provide a child sexual abuse and sex trafficking education and awareness training program for teachers, instructional support personnel, principals, and assistant principals. The program will include at least two hours of training related to best practices from the field of prevention, the grooming process of sexual predators, the warning signs of sexual abuse and sex trafficking, how to intervene when sexual abuse or sex trafficking is suspected or disclosed, legal responsibilities for reporting sexual abuse or sex trafficking, and available resources for assistance. Designated school personnel shall participate in such training as required by law and Board policy.

The Superintendent shall develop any necessary procedures for making a report pursuant to this policy, for sharing information with designated agencies, and for cooperating with agency investigations.

In addition to the requirements of this policy, any administrator who knows or has reason to believe that a licensed employee has engaged in conduct which involves physical or sexual abuse of a child shall report that information to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance with subsection C.4 of policy 4040/7310, Staff-Student Relations.

Legal References: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. 1232g; G.S. 7B-101, -301, -302, -309, -3100; 8-53.4; 14-208.6, -318.2, -318.4, -318.6; 110-90.2, -105.3, -105.4, -105.5;

115C-375.20, -400, -402; 126-5; 16 N.C.A.C. 6C .0312; State Board of Education Policies LICN-007 and NCAC-039

Cross References: Professional and Staff Development (policy 1610/7800), Staff-Student Relations (policy 4040/7310), Student Records (policy 4700)

Adopted:



The Guilford County Board of Education (the "Board") recognizes that the public schools are an integral part of the community and that the public has a vested interest in having students develop into productive members of the workforce and of society. The Board encourages the community to be involved in the District and to assist the District in the goal of providing every student with the opportunity to receive a sound basic education.

Each year the Board will ensure that the report card issued for the District by the State Board of Education receives widespread distribution to the public. In addition, the District will publish on its website all information required by law, including assessment and performance information and information on how state funds have been used to address local educational priorities.

#### A. POLICIES

In making policy decisions, the Board will keep in mind its commitment to providing all students in our community the opportunity to obtain a sound basic education.

The Board's commitment to the wider community is expressed in various policies, in addition to this one, that address the relationship between the District and the community.

#### B. SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS

School administrators shall:

- 1. demonstrate a commitment to working with the community;
- 2. identify appropriate opportunities for community input;
- 3. communicate to the public the goals and objectives of the District and the progress of the District in meeting those goals and objectives; and
- 4. provide the public with school progress and performance reports as required by state and federal law.

Legal References: Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 6301; G.S. 115C-12(9)c3, -36, -47, -83.10, -105.25; *Leandro v. State*, 346 N.C. 336 (1997)

Cross References: Board Authority and Duties (policy 1010),

Adopted: